

2021 Statistics Bulletin of National Economy and Social Development of Ningbo

Ningbo Municipal Statistics Bureau
State Statistical Bureau Ningbo Investigation Team
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In 2021, facing the complex and severe international environment and the sporadic impact of the domestic epidemic, provincial and municipal governments resolutely implemented various national, provincial and municipal decisions and deployments, adhered to the general tone of the work of coordinating and promoting epidemic prevention and control as well as the stable development of economy and society, solidly carrying out to keep employment, the financial sector, foreign trade, foreign and domestic investments, and expectations stable, fully implementing the task of guaranteeing the employment of residents, basic people's livelihood, market players, food and energy security, the stability of the supply chain of the industrial chain, and the operation of the grassroots level, Ningbo's economy continues to grow steadily, high-quality development and the construction of a pioneer city for common prosperity has been solidly promoting, economic operation has been developing in a positive direction, the social undertakings has been developing well, the people's livelihood has a strong foundation assurance, the 14th Five-Year Plan got off to a good start.

I. Overview

General GDP: The GDP in Ningbo in 2021 amounted to ¥14594.9 trillion. Calculating on comparable prices, up by 8.2% from the last year, among which, the increase in primary industry was ¥ 35.61 billion, up by 2.8%; the increase in secondary industry was ¥699.72 billion, up by 9.8%; and the increase in tertiary industry was ¥724.16 billion, up by 7.1%. The ration of the increase of the three industries was 2.4:48.0:49.6. Calculated by permanent population, the per capita GDP of Ningbo is 153,922 yuan (23,858 US dollars at the average annual exchange rate).

Table 1: Value added of Ningbo by industry in 2021

	Actuals(¥100 million)	Year-on-year increase(%)
By industry		
Agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry and fishery	372.5	3.0
Industry	6297.5	11.0
Construction	707.8	0.3
Wholesale and retail trade	1762.2	11.3
Transportation, warehousing and postal services	599.6	10.4
Accommodation and catering industry	163.9	17.9
Finance	1062.7	7.3
Real estate industry	1090.7	-1.3
Other service industries	2538.0	6.7
For-profit service industry	1491.2	9.2
Non-profit service sector	1046.8	3.2

Fiscal Revenue and Expenditure: The general public fiscal revenue in Ningbo in 2021 was ¥326.44 billion, up by 15.1% compared with that of last year. The general public fiscal budget revenue was ¥172.31 billion, up by 14.1%. The general public fiscal budget expenditure was ¥194.44 billion, up by 11.6%, among which that the input in transportation, housing security and health, had a growth in 65.8%, 42.4% and 12.2%, respectively in which the general public fiscal budget expenditure.

Employment and Re-employment: Number of employees newly created in urban areas and towns in Ningbo was 344,000 in 2021 and 48,000 laid-off workers were re-employed, 26,000 of which were the workers in trouble. The registered unemployment rate of city and towns was 2.31% at the end of the year.

Market Price: In 2021, the consumer prices of urban residents in Ningbo increased by 2.1% over the same period last year, among which, the price of food rose by 1.5%. The retail price of commodities rose by 3.3%. The industrial producers leaving the factory price rose by 8.5% from a year earlier, while the purchase price rose by 21.2%. In December, the sales price of newly built residential buildings in Ningbo rose 3.3% year-on-year, ranking 27th in 70 large and medium-sized cities in the whole country.

Graph 1: The Consumer Price Increase and Decrease of Consumer Prices in Ningbo Monthly in 2021 (%)

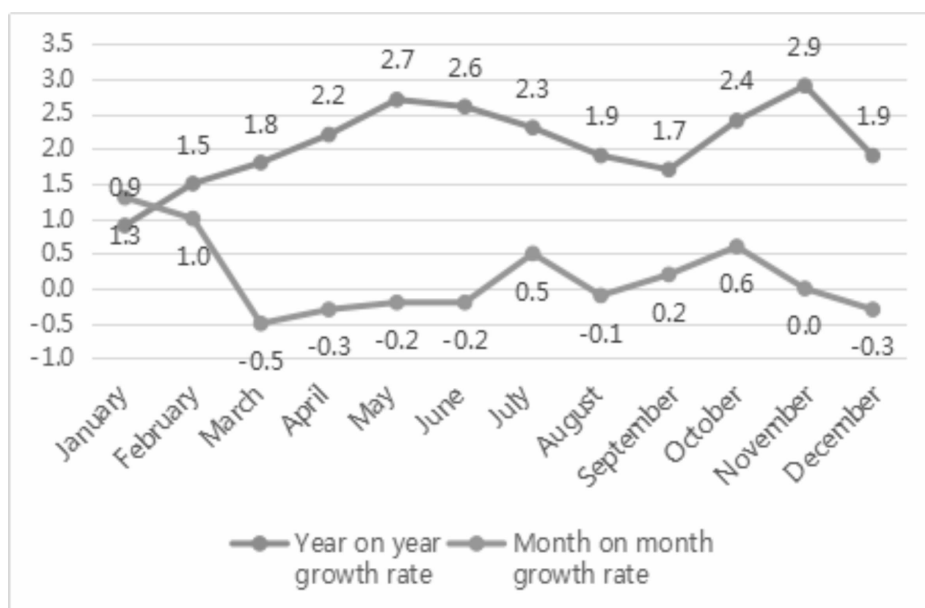


Table 2: Comparison of Ningbo CPI with Zhejiang province and the whole country in 2021 (previous year=100)

Index	Ningbo	Zhejiang province	whole country
Consumer Price Index	102.1	101.5	100.9
Food, tobacco and alcohol	102.1	100.7	99.7
Clothes	99.6	101.0	100.3
Residence	100.8	100.9	100.8
Daily necessities and services	102.3	101.6	100.4
Traffic and communication	105.3	104.1	104.1
Education culture and entertainment	104.4	103.5	101.9
Medical insurance	100.4	100.8	100.4
Other supplies and services	97.3	97.1	98.7

II. Agriculture and Beautiful Rural Construction

Agricultural Production: The gross output value of farming, forestry, husbandry and fishing in Ningbo reached ¥37.25 billion, up by 3.0% than that of last year. The grain output was 678,000 tons, up by 0.6%. The total output of meat was 85,000 tons, up by 12.0%; the output of poultry eggs is 37,000 tons, down by 6.0%; the output of milk is 42,000 tons, up by 39.3%; the total output of aquatic products was 1.071 million tons, up by 4.5%. During the year, 17 municipal

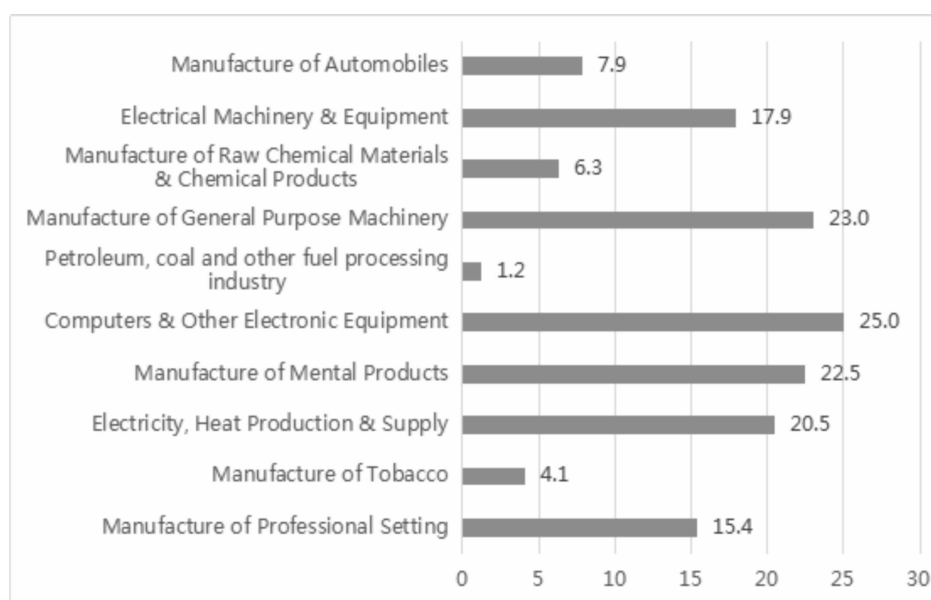
agricultural leading enterprises were added, with a cumulative total of 322, of which 11 are national key leading enterprises in agricultural industrialization.

Beautiful Countryside Construction: 1 provincial beautiful village demonstration county; 12 beautiful rural demonstration towns; 36 characteristic fine quality villages were added in the whole year, with a cumulative total of 1, 67 and 193 respectively. 20 provincial-level high-standard rural domestic waste classification and treatment demonstration villages and 3 provincial historical and cultural villages protection and utilization key villages were added, with a cumulative total of 79 and 29 respectively. Completed the renovation of 1,131 rural public toilets.

III . Industry and Construction

Industrial Economy: The total industrial added value for industrial above designated size was ¥629.75 billion, up by 11.0% compared to last year. Among all the industries above scale, there is 11.9% increase in investment; and there is 13.0% increase among which the private enterprise. In the perspective of 35 categories under the industry trade, 30 categories undergo a positive increment in the added value under the same ratio, with the automobile manufacturing industry growing by 7.9% and the electrical machinery and equipment manufacturing industry growing by 17.9%. An analysis by types of ownership showed that state-owned and state-holding enterprises achieved growth of 8.3% year on year; that of shareholding enterprises was up by 5.5%; that of companies with limited liability was up by 7.2%; that of private enterprises was increased by 15.8%; that of enterprises funded by foreign investors was up by 8.3%; and that of enterprises funded by investors from Hong Kong, Macao and Taiwan grew 13.3%. The sales value of industries above designated size reached ¥2.17273 trillion, up by 21.6%, among which the delivery value of exports was ¥407.54 billion, increased by 21.1%. The total pre-tax profits of industries above designated size were ¥256.38 billion, up by 9.4%, among which the total profits reached ¥172.41 billion with a growth of 10.2%.

Graph 2: Growth of Top 10 Industrial Categories in Total Industrial Added Value of Industries above the Designated Size (%)



Industrial Transformation and Promotion: The appropriation expenditure of industrial science and technology activities was ¥50.30 billion, up to 28.1% compared with that of last year. The output of industrial new products above the scale was up to 26.3%. The output ration of new products hit 34.3%. Among the industries above the scale, the added value of the artificial intelligence industry, the core industry of the digital economy, the new materials industry, the high-tech

manufacturing industry and the equipment manufacturing industry in the whole year increasing by 21.3%, 17.5%, 16.6%, 16.1% and 16.1% respectively. At the end of year, there have been 6656 enterprises of industries above designated size in the "246" trillion-level industrial cluster with an industrial added value of ¥387.62 billion, up by 11.6% from last year. There were 18 new National-Level manufacturing single-sport champion enterprises (products) which was totally 63 enterprises in the city, accounting for 7.4% of the country's total, and ranking first among the cities in China. A total of 127 state-level "little giants" have been added, totaling 182, ranking the third among cities in China.

Construction Industry: The output value of construction industry in Ningbo increased by ¥70.78 billion, up by 0.3% compared with that of last year.

IV. Investment in Fixed Asset and Urban Construction

Investment in Fixed Asset: Investment in fixed asset in Ningbo was up by 11.0% compared with the last year. The sales area of commercial housing was 16.062 million square meters, down by 13.6%.

Table 3: Ningbo fixed assets investments main categories rate of increase in 2021

Category name	Rate of increase (%)
Investment in industry	20.4
Investment in manufacturing	27.0
Investment in real estates	14.1
Investment in infrastructure	-9.9
High Technology investments	26.3
Civilian investments	8.7

Urban Construction: The construction of urban expressways has been steadily advanced, with the west extension of South Ring Road (Xuejia Road – Wangtong Road), the north Outer ring section of Century Avenue Expressway, and the Yu Ci Sheng Lu viaduct completed and opened to traffic. 22 kilometers of new urban expressways have been added, bringing the total length to 129 kilometers. A total of 260 kilometers of greenways have been built, with a total length of more than 1,700 kilometers. A greenway pattern of "along mountains, rivers, lakes and coastal areas" has taken shape in the whole city. 15.15 million square meters "Three Renovations" were completed, and 11.15 million square meters of illegal buildings were demolished. 305 provincial-level high-standard garbage classification demonstration communities have been created.

V. Trade, Tourism and Exhibition

Trade: Wholesale and retail sales added up to ¥464.91 billion in 2021, up by 9.7% over the previous year, of which the total retail sales of consumer goods above designated size reached ¥173.59 billion, an increase of 15.1%. In terms of the main categories of goods above designated size, the retail sales of automobile products increased by 16.0%, among which new energy vehicles increased by 206.2%; Retail sales of clothing, shoes, hats, needles, textiles, daily necessities, household appliances and audio-visual equipment increased by 22.5%, 4.1% and 7.8%, respectively. Cereals, oils and foodstuffs fell 1.1%. By the end of 2021, there have been 7333 trading corporate enterprises above designated size, making revenues of ¥3.36098 trillion and profits of ¥50.09 billion.

E-commerce: In 2021, the whole city completed the network retail sales of ¥281.42 billion, with an increasing of 12.0% over the previous year. In the whole year, the import and export volume of cross-border e-commerce reached ¥178.61 billion, of which 122 million online bonded imports with a value of ¥25.86 billion.

Tourism: In 2021, Ningbo's tourism income totaled ¥83.88 billion, up by 5.5% over the previous year. This sector received 51.511 million domestic tourists throughout the year with an increase of 8.1% and earned ¥83.78 billion in domestic tourism income with an increase of 5.5%. Accommodations hosted 48,000 overseas tourists and earned \$14 million in overseas tourism income. By the end of the year, there have been 80 starred hotels, including 21 five-star hotels; 37 scenic spots above 4A level including 2 5A-level ones. There are 7 tourist resorts above the provincial level, including 1 national tourist resort.

Exhibition Industry: More than 300 conventions and exhibitions of all kinds were held in 2021. Among them, there were 54 exhibitions with the exhibition areas of 0.952 million square meters, 18 of which owned an area of more than 20,000 square meters. More than 200 business conferences (forums) and 19 special festivals were held at and above the county level. In 2021, Ningbo has won the honorary titles of "2020 China's Most Competitive Exhibition City (Planned City)" and other honorary titles.

VI. International Trade, Cooperation & Exchange

Foreign Trade: Ningbo accomplished the total volume of export and import for ¥2.05312 trillion, up by 23.7% compared to last year. The total volume of self-employed imports and exports was ¥1.19261 trillion, up by 21.6%, of which, the volume of exported reached ¥762.43 billion, increased by 19.0%, and the volume of imported reached ¥430.18 billion, increased by 26.3%. Total import and export accounted for 3.05% of the country. During the year, 5,337 new foreign trade enterprises were registered, with a cumulative total of 57,366, and there were 24,532 import and export enterprises. The import and export volume of private enterprises (including private enterprises and collective enterprises) reached ¥840 billion, up 20.1%, accounting for 70.4% of the total import and export volume in the same period. In terms of the product structure, the export value of mechanical and electrical products accounted for 57.7% of the total export volume of the city. From the perspective of trading partners, 223 countries and regions have directly engaged in trade with our city, of which the EU, the United States and ASEAN have completed imports and exports of ¥212.77 billion, ¥208.44 billion and ¥124.89 billion respectively and increased by 24.5%, 20.1% and 15.5% respectively. The annual volume of imports and exports to 65 countries along the Belt and Road route was ¥333.06 billion, up by 20.3%, including ¥39.27 billion for countries in Central and Eastern Europe, up by 40.4%. The annual import and export volume to other RCEP member countries reached ¥312.34 billion, accounting for 26.2% of the total import and export volume of Ningbo in the same period.

Table 4: Main classification of Ningbo's self-operated import and export in 2021

Indicator	Value (¥100 million)	Growth Rate (%)
Total Imports and Exports	11926.1	21.6
Total Exports	7624.3	19.0
General Trade	6861.8	20.0
Processing Trade	632.1	7.2
Other Trade	130.4	32.3
Total Imports	4301.8	26.3
General Trade	3749.3	30.5
Processing Trade	284.8	4.9
Other Trade	267.7	2.5

Foreign Investment Utilization: 564 foreign-invested projects were approved in 2021. The contractual foreign investment utilized was \$8.64 billion with a decreasing of 83.9%; the actually utilized foreign

investment was \$3.27 billion with a growth of 32.7%. 492 tertiary industry projects were newly approved, actually utilizing \$2.24 billion of foreign investment, up by 66.0%. By the end of the year, there has been 69 enterprises of Fortune Global 500 investing 153 projects in Ningbo (Branch office).

Foreign Cooperation: In 2021, 186 new overseas investment enterprises and institutions were newly approved. China's investment was \$2.43 billion, down by 2.1% over the previous year. The turnover of labor cooperation for overseas contracting projects was \$1.88 billion, up by 6.2%.

Service Trade: The total value of international service foreign trade was ¥140.19 billion, among which, that of exports was ¥94.7 billion, that of imports was ¥45.49 billion, up by 36.8%, 37.9%, 34.6% respectively. The execution value of undertaking service outsourcing reached ¥52.6 billion with a growth of 20.4%, of which that of undertaking offshore service outsourcing was ¥28.74 billion, up by 25.2%. By the end of the year, there has been 1,745 enterprises of service outsourcing with 68,000 employees.

Domestic Cooperation: In 2021, ¥687.72 million was handed over to the eastern and western cooperation and assistance fund of the provincial finance, ¥32 million was allocated to Liangshan, and 193 assistance projects were arranged. A total of ¥502 million of matching funds were provided, and 72 projects were implemented. 67 Industrial cooperation projects between mountainous and coastal areas were carried out, earning ¥4.33 billion.

VII. Port Traffic, Transportation & Post and telecommunications

Port Production: In 2021, the cargo handling capacity of Ningbo Zhoushan Port reached 1.22 billion tons, up by 4.4% on the previous year, ranking the first in the world for 13 consecutive years. Of this total, Ningbo Port completed throughput of 620 million tons, up by 3.7%. Ningbo Port completed 95.989 million tons of iron ore throughput in the whole year, increased by 5.9%, coal throughput of 63.393 million tons, up by 18.1%, and crude oil throughput of 62.753 million tons, down by 1.0%. Throughout the year, the container handling capacity of Ningbo Zhoushan Port reached 31.079 million, up by 8.2%, further consolidating its position of the world's third biggest container port. 29.373 million of total were accomplished by Ningbo Port, up by 8.6%. By the end of the year, Ningbo Zhoushan Port has owned 287 container shipping routes, among which there have been 134 ocean trunk lines, 101 offshore branch lines, 20 internal branch lines and 32 domestic trade lines. 1.204 million TEUs were completed by sea-rail transport throughout the year, increased by 19.8%.

Transport Infrastructure: The length of road reached 11523 kilometers, including 583.9 kilometers of expressways. Ningbo Port area has built 3 berths of 10,000-ton class and above, and has 114 berths of 10,000-ton class and above. The maximum water depth at the front of the terminal was 27.5 meters.

Integrated Transportation: The total volume of the goods transported reached 790 million tons this year, achieving a year-on-year growth of 9.5%, and the volume of cargo turnover was 439.51 billion tons, increase by 5.4%. The overall visitors flow was 70 million, decrease by 4.6%. Of these, the visitors flow of road was 14.27 million persons, down by 41.2%; that of railway was 46.205 million per-

sons, up by 14%; that of civil aviation was 9.463 million persons, up by 5.5%.

Table 5: 2021 Ningbo freight transportation

Index	Absolute Value	Growth Rate (%)
Goods Transported (10,000 tons)	78747.1	9.5
Railway	3298.2	10.8
Waterway	31510.7	4.9
Road	43923.0	13.0
Civil Aviation	11.3	-5.4
Freight (10,000 ton-km)	4395.1	5.4
Waterway	3737.4	3.6
Road	657.7	16.9

Public Transportation Systems: The city had 9,850 standard public transport vehicles, 1,212 lines in operation. The first fully automatic railway line in the province, Line 5, phase I, was completed and put into operation. The newly-increased operable track mileage is 27.9 kilometers, and the cumulative operable track mileage is 182.3 kilometers. The annual passenger traffic reached 260 million, an increase of 63.1%. By the end of the year, there have been 42,000 public bicycles and 6,111 taxis in Ningbo, which were rented for 20.269 million times in total.

Post and Telecommunications Industry: In the whole year, the total postal business completed by the city was 14.9 billion yuan, increasing 30% over the previous year. At the end of the year, Ningbo had 13.752 million mobile phone users, including 3.291 million 5G mobile phone users; 4.711 million fixed Internet broadband access users; the volume of express delivery business was 1.53 billion, increasing 33%.

VIII. Banking, Securities and Insurance

Banking: At the end of the year, there were 65 banking institutions in the city, including 3 policy banks, 6 large banks, 12 joint-stock commercial banks, 13 urban commercial banks, 6 foreign-funded banks, 9 rural cooperative financial institutions, 12 new rural financial institutions and 4 non-bank financial institutions.

Table 6: Deposits and Loans of Financial Institutions in Ningbo in the end of 2021

Indicator	Actuals (¥100 million)	Growth Rate (%)
Domestic & Foreign Currency Deposit Balance	27228.9	13.5
Household Deposits	9470.4	10.0
Deposits of Non-financial Enterprises	10439.8	13.9
RMB deposit balance	26187.7	13.0
Domestic & Foreign Currency Loan Balance	29045.5	14.1
Household Loans	11011.5	18.0
Loans of Non-financial Enterprises & Government Organizations	17843.1	11.4
RMB deposit balance	28513.2	13.8

Securities: The total trade volume of securities transactions was ¥12.3 trillion, up by 29.4% over the previous year, of which the transaction volume of stocks and funds was ¥7.6 trillion, up by 23.3%. At the end of the year, the balance of

securities clients' trading and settlement fund was ¥24.54 billion, up by 28.9%. Futures agency trading volume was 113.557 million, increased by 13.4%; agent trading volume was ¥7.6 trillion, increase by 34.6%. At the end of the year, the opened accounts of securities investors have reached 2.596 million, up by 9.8%; there has been 1 securities company, 29 branch securities companies, 168 securities exchanges, 1 securities investment consulting company, 1 futures company, 13 branch futures companies and 39 futures exchanges. To promote the "Phoenix Action" Ningbo Plan step by step, 14 companies were newly listed, achieving an IPO financing of ¥8.71 billion; by the end of 2021, there have been 107 domestic listed companies in total. Throughout the year, the refinancing of companies of all categories reached ¥91.08 billion, by using financing tools such as private placements and corporate bonds.

Insurance: By the end of 2021, there were 32 property insurance institutions at the municipal level and above, 25 life insurance agencies and 93 specialized agencies. The city realized a premium income of ¥37.51 billion, up by 1.5% over the previous year, among which, the premium income of property insurance was ¥17.57 billion, up by 2.4%; those of life insurance was ¥19.94 billion, up by 0.7%. The risk insurance provided reached ¥48.4 trillion in total during the year, up by 58.5%. The claims expense reached to ¥15.98 billion, among which the expense of property insurance were ¥12.04 billion and those of life insurance were ¥3.93 billion.

IX. Science & Technology, Education and Talents

Scientific and Technical Innovation: Over the year, 72,000 patents were granted, including 7,819 invention patents. There was a net increase of 817 high-tech enterprises, and the effective number of high-tech enterprises reached 3,919. 3832 small and medium-sized science and technology enterprises were newly identified at the municipal level; 87 provincial-level high-tech enterprise research and development centers were added, with a total of 685; 18 provincial-level enterprise research institutes were added, totaling 166. 9 provincial maker spaces, with the total number of 40; 1 national incubator, 13 of total. A total of 3,824 technical contracts were approved and registered in the whole city, up 15.3% over the previous year. The total amount of technology turnover was ¥31.95 billion, up by 17.7%.

Education: At the end of the year, there were 1,851 schools of all kinds in the city, with a total of 1.452 million students. Among those schools, there were 15 colleges and universities with 184,000 students, 84 ordinary high schools with 99,000 students, 33 secondary vocational schools with 61,000 students, 238 junior high schools with 222,000 students, and 418 primary schools with 538,000 students. There have been 789 full-time private secondary and primary schools (kindergartens) in Ningbo by the end of 2021, with 250,000 students on campus, 20.7% of the students in full-time secondary and primary schools (kindergartens). Implement the "double reduction" policy, comprehensively promote the after-school service work of primary and secondary schools, and achieve 100% full coverage of schools in the after-school service obligatory section.

Intellectual Resources: In 2021, 216,000 college students were newly employed, an increase of 30.7% over the previous year. The number of newly selected and supported municipal high-level talent projects was 309, up 82%; A total of 53 post-doctoral research stations were added, totaling 277. The number of highly skilled personnel increased by 82,000, totaling 633,000; 15 new skill master studios, 115 in total; In the whole year, 423,000 skilled personnel were trained in Ningbo.

X. Culture, Health and Sports

Cultural Construction: By the end of 2021, there has been 28 national representative projects of intangible cultural heritage and 438 provincial and municipal ones. Fenghua Museum successfully created a 4A level scenic area. Tianyi Pavilion's ancient book restoration techniques, Hongbang tailoring skills, Xiangshan bamboo root carving were shortlisted in the fifth batch of national intangible cultural heritage representative list. Lu'ao site and Hukengji site

were selected as "Important archaeological Discoveries in Zhejiang Province" in 2021. At the end of the year, there were 33 National Priority Cultural Relic Protection Sites and 16 main state-owned museums.

Public Health: By the end of 2021, there have been 4787 medical institutions and 198 hospitals, including 8 Grade III Level A hospitals and 11 Grade III Level B hospitals. There have been 45,000 hospital beds, 98,000 professional health workers, 83,000 health technical workers, 34,000 practicing doctors and assistants and 35,000 registered nurses. According to the census population statistics, the number of beds, health workers, medical practitioners (including assistants) and registered nurses per thousand people reached 7.3, 13.4, 5.5 and 5.7 respectively. The immunization coverage rate of children of school age in the city was 99.6%.

Sports: 22 national events and activities were held in Ningbo in 2021. The team participated in the Tokyo Olympic Games, 7 participants won 5 gold MEDALS, set 1 world record, 1 Olympic record and 1 Asian record, and created the best performance in Ningbo's participation history. Participated in Shaanxi National Games as a team, and won 20 gold, 11 silver and 11 bronze MEDALS in competitive sports, with a total of 42 MEDALS, ranking the fourth in China and the first in the province. By the end of the year, the city has a total of 27,227 sports venues, the total area of 23.97 million square meters, the per capita area of sports venues about 2.5 square meters. Over the year, 12 sports parks, 110 common people's gymnasiums and community multifunctional sports fields, and 10 soccer fields (including cage type) were built (rebuilt). In 2021, the sales of sports lottery in Ningbo reached ¥2.26 billion, an increase of 15% over the previous year.

XI. Population, Livelihood and Social Insurance

Population: By the end of 2021, the registered population of Ningbo has reached 6.183 million, with the 3.112 million of urban residents. The year 2020 saw 37,599 births, 19,547 males out of the total, with a sex ratio (male to female) of 108:100. It represented a birth rate of 6.10‰, a death rate of 6.97‰ and a natural growth rate of -0.86‰. The net migration was 52,199, and the net migration rate was 8.47‰. At the end of the year, the city's permanent resident population was 9.544 million, and the proportion of urban population in the total population (namely the urbanization rate) was 78.4%.

Residents' Incomes & Expenditures: Ningbo's disposable income per urban resident in 2021 was ¥ 65,436, up by 9.1% over the previous year. In terms of urban and rural areas, the per capita disposable income of urban residents achieved ¥73,869, with a growth of 8.6% and a real growth of 6.4% after deducting the price factor; that of rural residents achieved ¥42,946, with a growth of 9.7% and a real growth of 7.5%. The income multiplier between urban and rural areas was 1.72. In 2021, the per capita living expenditure of Ningbo residents was ¥40,478, up by 17.5%. Dividing by urban and rural areas, the per capita living expenditure of urban residents was ¥45,362, up by 17.2%, while that of rural residents per capital was ¥27,451, up by 16.9%.

Table 7: Main Indicators of Per Capita Income and Expenditure of Ningbo Residents in 2021

Index	All Residents		Urban Residents		Rural Residents	
	Actuals (¥)	Increase over last year (%)	Actuals (¥)	Increase over last year (%)	Actuals (¥)	Increase over last year (%)
Disposable Income Per Capita	65436	9.1	9.1	9.1	42946	9.7
1.Wage income	37357	7.2	7.2	7.2	25482	7.3
2.Net operating income	11914	6.0	6.0	6.0	9138	6.7
3.Net property income	6982	15.4	15.4	15.4	1512	14.5
4.Transfer net income	9183	17.6	17.6	17.6	6814	24.2
Per Capita Living Consumption Expenditure	40478	17.5	17.5	17.5	27451	16.9

Social Insurance: At the end of 2021, the number of workers and staff in the city participating in basic old-age pension, basic medical treatment, unemployment & work-related injury and maternity insurance were 5.112 million, 4.771 million, 3.335 million, 4.432 million and 3.139 million respectively; while the numbers of insured of basic pension insurance for urban and rural residents and basic medical care for urban and rural residents have achieved 1.014 million and 3.156 million. The social security cards issued have reached 9.735 million, while the activation rate of financial accounts for the social security cards have reached 74.1%.

Livelihood Security: By the end of the year, there have been 260 nursing faculties with 55,000 beds. 59,000 people have received minimum living security, receiving ¥570 million of financial assistance. The standard of minimum salary for enterprise staffs has two levels, which demonstrated as ¥2280 and ¥2070. The per capita disposable income of low-income farmers in the city was ¥19,217, an increase of 15.2% over the previous year. There were 48,000 difficult disabilities enjoyed the living allowance and 89,000 severe disabled persons enjoyed nursing subsidies in the year. There were 26,000 disabled persons who need rehabilitation services and have all received rehabilitation services. At the end of 2021, the city's destitute objects provided centralized support for 2,560 people with 73.8% centralized support rate.

Government-subsidized Housing Projects: Throughout the year, 25,000 rental subsidies were provided, 23,000 units of affordable rental housing were built and raised, and 221,000 square meters of special housing for talents were built in 33 commercial housing projects. Completed 221 old community renovation projects with a construction area of 11.33 million square meters. Raised 69,000 newly reconstructed rental housing units, revitalized 57,000 rental housing units, and exceeded the pilot task of the national housing rental market. Explore the pilot of co-ownership housing, and take the lead in the province to include all eligible front-line sanitation workers in housing security.

Charity: In 2021, the charity funds raised by charity organizations of municipal and county-level reached ¥1.05 billion. The Municipal Charity Federation spent ¥190 million on relief, benefiting 10,587 people, and spent a total of ¥960 million over the years, benefiting 300,000 people. Throughout the year, the volunteer teams directly under the Municipal Charity Federation carried out more than 2,400 activities, serving more than 28,000 hours and benefiting 25,000 people.

XII. Ecological Construction and Social Safety

Ecological Construction: The rate that the number of days the air quality was excellent to good was 95.9% in the city's central urban area; the concentration of PM2.5 was 21 micrograms per cubic meter. In the year, the number of new emissions transactions was 90, and the transaction amount was ¥24.481 million; the number of new paid uses was 674, and the amount was ¥195 million. The city's sewage treatment capacity is 780 million tons throughout the year, the sewage treatment rate is 99%, and the total COD emission reduction was 162,000 tons. The excellent and good water quality rate of the sections above municipal control was 87.5%, an increase of 1.2% points over the previous year; the water environment functional zone compliance rate is 98.8%, unchanged from the previous year. The water quality of drinking water sources at county level and above maintains a 100% compliance rate throughout the year. At the end of 2021, the city had 4 National-Level ecological civilization construction demonstration counties (districts) and 9 Provincial-Level ecological civilization construction demonstration counties (districts).

"Safety Ningbo" Construction: In 2021, Ningbo successfully won back the "one-star Peace Golden tripod"; By the end of the year, the city's 10 districts and counties (cities) have all entered the "golden ding" era. 160 accidents and 114 deaths occurred in the city, down by 26.4% and 26.2% respectively over the previous year. Throughout 2021, 4,709 cases concerning food safety were put on record and settled. In all the cases, there were 10 major cases with the total fine and confiscated money of ¥30.159 million, and 29 suspected criminal cases referred to the police. Throughout 2021, the people's mediation organizations mediated a total of 97,800 civil

disputes of various kinds and successfully mediated 97,600, with a success rate of 99.8%.

Notes:

(1)All the statistics of 2021 listed in the bulletin are preliminary statistics.

(2)The regional GDP and the absolute value of industries are calculated at current prices while the growth rates are calculated at comparable prices.

(3)The industrial enterprises above designated size refers to those enterprises with their main business income of ¥20 million and above.

The enterprises of wholesale, retail sales, accommodations and public catering above designated size refer to those with their main business income of ¥20 million and above, ¥5 million and above, ¥2 million and above, ¥2 million and above respectively.

(4)According to the unified deployment of the superior cultural and tourism department, the statistical method and caliber of tourism industry have been adjusted.

(5)The total postal service volume in 2021 is calculated using the constant unit price in 2020.

(6)As some insurance institutions are currently in the risk disposal stage, the relevant data caliber of premium income does not include these institutions.